

# 1565nm PM BP Filter/Tap Hybrid for Pulse Power

### **FEATURES**

- High Isolation
- Low Insertion Loss
- Epoxy-Free Optical Path
- High Reliability and Stability
- Low Profile Packaging

## **APPLICATIONS**

- **Broadband Systems**
- **Optical Amplifying Systems**
- Telecommunication Networks
- Metro Networks
- **CATV Networks**



### **SPECIFICATIONS**

<b>Parameters</b>		Unit	Value			
Center Wavele	ngth	nm	1565			
Min. Pass Band	Min. Pass Band Width @ 0.5dB		5.0			
Excess Loss		dB	≤1.8			
Stop Band @25dB		nm	1500~1560 & 1570~1610			
Tap Ratio		%	1+/-0.6%, 2+/-0.8%, 5+/-1.0%, 10%, 20%, 30%, 50%			
	F Type (Forward)	-	Tap is before Bandpass Filter, Y Type (3-port)			
Tap Position	B Type (Backward)	-	Tap is after Bandpass Filter, Y Type (3-port)			
	X Type	-	Tap is after Bandpass Filter, 4-port, (Blocked Wavelength Guide Out)			
Fiber Type at Tap Port or 4 <sup>th</sup> Port		-	Same Fiber, Corr. SM Fiber or 50/125um MM Fiber			
Optical Return Loss		dB	≥50			
Extinction Ratio		dB	≥18			
Fiber Type		-	PM1550 Panda Fiber or 10/125um PMDC Fiber (O)			
			12/130um PMDC Fiber (T), 20/130um PMDC Fiber (Q)			
			25/250um PMDC Fiber (R) or 25/300um PMDC Fiber (G)			
Fiber Tensile Load		N	5			
Max. Average Optical Power		W	0.3, 0.5, 1, 2, 3, 5, 10, 15, 20			
Max. Peak Power for pulse		kW	0.1, 1, 2, 3, 5, 10, 15, 20			
Operating Temperature		°C	0~50			
Storage Temperature		°C	-40~85			
Package	Stainless Steel Tube (SST)	mm	(Ø)5.5x40 (≤5W); (Ø)6.0x48 (5~10W)			
Dimension	Metal Box	mm	(L)90x(W)12x(H)10 (>10W); (L)120x(W)12x(H)10 (≤10W)			

Note: 1. Specifications are for device without connectors; Specifications may change without notice.

- 2. To add connectors, IL is 0.3dB higher, RL is 5dB lower, ER is 2dB Lower, Connector key is aligned to slow axis.
- 3. Only guarantee 1W continuous wave (CW) power thru testing for connectors added.
- 4. Devices for higher optical power or with other type fiber or consigned fiber are also available; Devices can only work in the core of Double Cladding (DC) Fiber, Cladding Power must be stripped before connecting the device.
  - 5. Backward type can only work in slow axis and fast axis is blocked. Suggest to use X type if blocked power is >1W.

## **ORDERING INFORMATION (PN)**

FPHB-156	5-NN	NN (C)	- C	(C) -	H NN	P NN	- (C)	С	C	NN	-CC/CCC
Bandwidtl	h Tap Ratio	o Position	Tap Port Fiber	4th Port Fiber	r Average Power	Peak Powe	r Package	Fiber Type	Fiber Sleeve	Fiber Length	Connector Type
<b>50</b> =5nm	01=1%	F=F Type	Y=Same Fiber	Y=Same Fiber	03=300mW	<mark>01</mark> =100W	M=Metal Box	2=PM1550Fiber	B= Bare fiber	05=0.5m	N=Without Connector
	<mark>05=5</mark> %	X=X Type	S=Corr. SM Fiber	S=Corr. SM Fiber	1= 1W	1= 1kW	<i>Blank</i> for SST	<b>0=</b> 10/125 PMDC Fiber	L= Loose Tube	10-1.0m	FC/APC=FC/APC Connector
	<mark>10</mark> =10%	<i>Blank</i> for B Type	5=50/125um Fiber	5=50/125um Fibe	er 5= 5W	5= 5kW	or >10W	T=12/130 PMDC Fiber	2= 2mm Cable	<mark>15=</mark> 1.5m	LC/PC=LC/PC Connector
	50=50%			Rlank for F&R Tyn	10=10W	10=10kW		G=25/300 PMDC Fiber	3= 3mm Cable	20=2.0m	SC/IIPC=SC/IIPC Connector





